

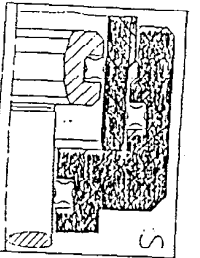
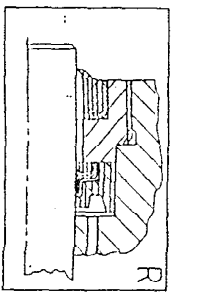
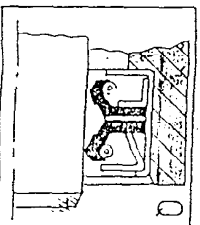
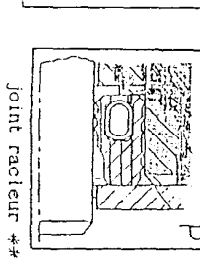
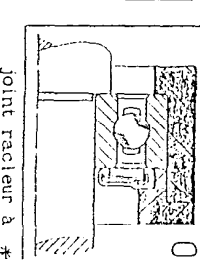
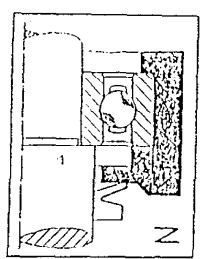
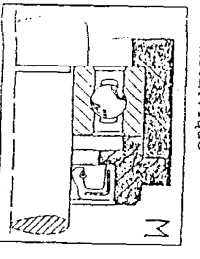
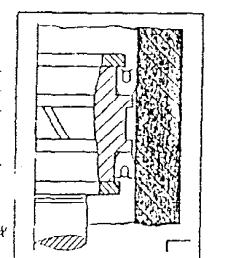
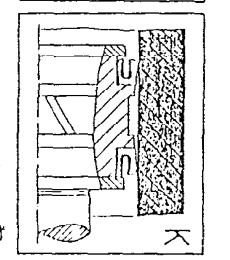
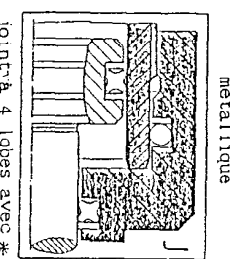
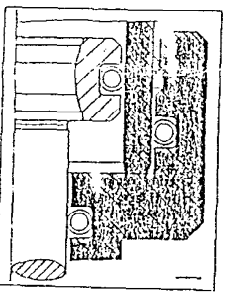
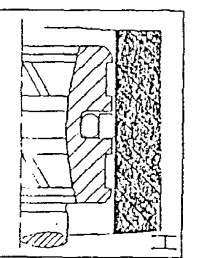
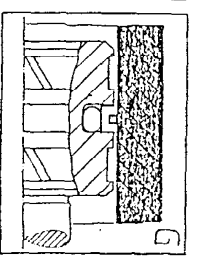
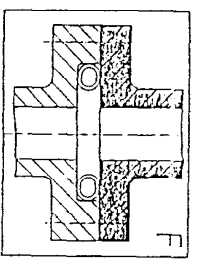
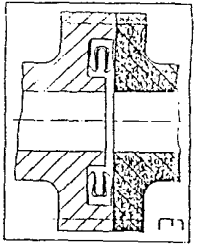
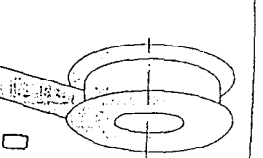
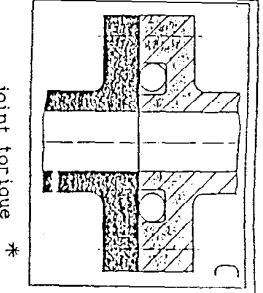
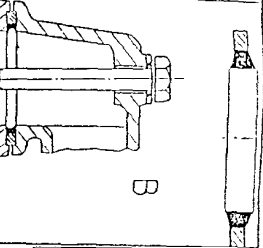
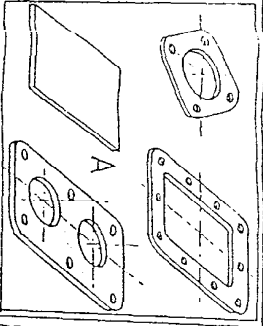
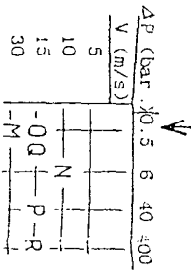
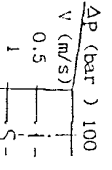
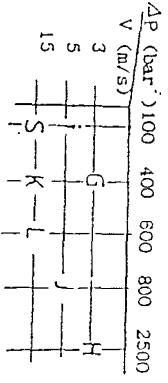
Choix d'un joint :

Plusieurs critères doivent être pris en compte :

- le type d'étanchéité;
- les caractéristiques du mouvement;
- les caractéristiques physiques de l'étanchéité: température de fonctionnement, Δp (différence de pression entre les 2 milieux à étancher), nature du fluide;
- les contraintes de construction.

TYPE D'ÉTANCHEITÉ

- $\Delta P < 80 \text{ bar}$ → A
- $\Delta P < 250 \text{ à } 400 \text{ b}$ → C
- $\Delta P < 1000 \text{ b}$ → B
- $\Delta P < 10000 \text{ b}$ → F
- D étanchéité pour filetage



** d'après documentation SEABEAN
*** d'après documentation LE JOINT FRANÇAIS